

THIRD EDITION



New Section:
ABOUT OHIO
*Photos *History
*Maps *Natural
Resources

PROFILES OF *Ohio*

History, Statistics, Demographics
for all 1,190 populated places in Ohio
including Comparative Statistics & Rankings

A UNIVERSAL REFERENCE BOOK
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Introduction

This is the third edition of *Profiles of Ohio—Facts, Figures & Statistics for 1,190 Populated Places in Ohio*. As with the other titles in our *State Profiles* series, we built this work using content from Grey House Publishing’s award-winning *Profiles of America*—a 4-volume compilation of data on more than 42,000 places in the United States. We have updated and included the Ohio chapter from *Profiles of America*, and added entire fresh chapters of demographic information and ranking sections, so that *Profiles of Ohio* is the most comprehensive portrait of the state of Ohio ever published.

This third edition provides data on all populated communities and counties in the state of Ohio for which the US Census provides individual statistics. It includes seven major sections that cover everything from **Education** to **Ethnic Backgrounds** to **Climate**. All sections include **Comparative Statistics** or **Rankings**. New to this edition is a section called **About Ohio** at the front of the book, comprised of detailed narrative and colorful photos and maps. Here is an overview of each section:

1. About Ohio

This NEW 4-color section gives the reader a real sense of the state and its history. It includes a Photo Gallery, and comprehensive sections on Ohio’s Government, Land and Natural Resources, and Demographics. With charts and maps, these 29 pages help to anchor the researcher to the state, both physically and politically.

2. Profiles

This section, organized by county, gives detailed profiles of 1,190 places plus 88 counties. Based on core Census data, these numbers reflect extensive updates from the U.S. Census Bureau’s American Community Survey, and Nielsen Claritas, a trusted source for up-to-date demographic information. In addition, we have added current government statistics and original research, so that these profiles pull together statistical and descriptive information on every Census-recognized place in the state. Major fields of information include:

<i>Geography</i>	<i>Housing</i>	<i>Education</i>	<i>Religion</i>
<i>Ancestry</i>	<i>Transportation</i>	<i>Population</i>	<i>Climate</i>
<i>Economy</i>	<i>Industry</i>	<i>Health</i>	

In addition to place profiles, this section includes an **Alphabetical Place Index** and **Comparative Statistics** that compare Ohio’s 100 largest communities by dozens of data points.

3. Education

This section begins with an **Educational State Profile**, summarizing number of schools, students, diplomas granted and educational dollars spent. Following the state profile are **School District Rankings** on 16 topics ranging from *Teacher/Student Ratios* to *High School Drop-Out Rates*. Following these rankings are statewide *National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)* results and data from the *Ohio Achievement Tests (OAT)* and *Ohio Graduation Tests (OGT)*—an overview of student performance by subject, including easy-to-read charts and graphs.

4. Ancestry

This section provides a detailed look at the ancestral and racial makeup of Ohio. 217 ethnic categories are ranked three ways: 1) by number, based on all places regardless of population; 2) by percent, based on all places regardless of population; 3) by percent, based on places with populations of 10,000 or more. You will discover, for example, that Parma has the greatest number of *Ukrainians* in the state (3,692), and that 26.1% of the population of Garfield Heights are of *Polish* ancestry.

5. Hispanic Population

This section defines Ohio’s Hispanic population by 23 Hispanic backgrounds from *Argentinian* to *Venezuelan*. It ranks each of 15 categories, from Median Age to Median Home Value, by each Hispanic background. For example, you’ll see that Elyria has the highest percentage of *Mexicans* who speak English-only at home (82.4%), and that Cincinnati has the highest percentage of *Puerto Ricans* who are four-year college graduates (39.3%).

6. Asian Population

Similar in format to the section on Hispanic Population, this section defines Ohio's Asian population by 21 Asian backgrounds from *Bangladeshi* to *Vietnamese*. It ranks each of 14 categories, from Median Age to Median Home Value, by each Asian background. You will learn that *Asian Indians* in Solon have a median household income of \$134,386 and that 93.2% of *Filipinos* in Toledo are high-school graduates.

7. Climate

This important topic has been greatly expanded and updated since the last edition. Each state chapter includes a State Summary, two new maps—weather stations and a relief map—and profiles of both National and Cooperative Weather Stations. In addition, you'll find Weather Station Rankings with hundreds of interesting details, such as Danville 2 W and Millersburg reporting the lowest annual extreme minimum temperatures (-35° F).

These sections also include Significant Storm Event data from January 2000 through December 2009. Here you will learn that a winter storm caused \$750 million in property damage in Knox, Stark and Trumbull Counties in March 2008 and that a F4 tornado was responsible for two deaths and 17 injuries in Van Wert in November 2002.

Note: The extensive **User's Guide** that follows **About Ohio** is segmented into six sections and examines, in some detail, each data field in the individual profiles and comparative sections for all chapters. It provides sources for all data points and statistical definitions as necessary.

About Ohio

Governor: John R. Kasich
Lieutenant Governor: Mary Taylor
614-466-3555

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Ohio Energy Overview and Analysis

Quick Facts

- Energy consumption in Ohio's industrial sector ranks among the highest in the Nation.
- Ohio has the second-highest refining capacity in the Midwest.
- The completion of a pipeline from the Rocky Mountains could increase Ohio's total natural gas supply in the near future.
- In August 2003, a transmission failure in Ohio led to the largest blackout in North American history, affecting over 50 million people.
- Coal typically fuels close to nine-tenths of net electricity generation in Ohio.

Analysis

Resources and Consumption

Ohio is rich in coal and offshore wind energy potential but has relatively few other energy resources. The Appalachian Basin, which crosses the eastern part of the State, holds considerable reserves of coal and small deposits of oil and conventional natural gas. The Basin's Marcellus shale formation also contains unconventional shale gas. Winds offshore in Lake Erie reach the highest energy potential classification. With a large population and a heavily industrial economy, Ohio is among the top States in total energy consumption. The industrial sector dominates energy consumption, largely due to several energy-intensive industries, including chemicals, glass, metal casting, and steel.

Petroleum

Although Ohio's crude oil production is minor, the State has the second-highest refining capacity in the Midwest. Nearly all of Ohio's crude oil output is derived from stripper wells (wells producing fewer than 10 barrels per day) in the eastern part of the State. Ohio's four refineries primarily depend on crude oil delivered by pipeline from the Gulf Coast and through an oil transportation hub in central Illinois. Ohio has a large network of product pipelines that connect its refineries to markets in Ohio and adjacent States. Ohio's total petroleum demand is high, and Ohioans consume large amounts of motor gasoline and distillate fuel. Ohio allows the use of conventional motor gasoline throughout most of the State, but requires gasoline to be formulated to reduce emissions that contribute to ozone formation in the area surrounding Cincinnati adjacent to the southwest border with Kentucky. Ohio has substantial ethanol production. The additive is frequently blended with the State's motor gasoline, making Ohio's share of U.S. ethanol consumption significantly higher than its share of production.

Natural Gas

Ohio produces a small amount of natural gas. Most of its supply is brought in via several major interstate pipelines from western Canada and the Gulf Coast region. Ohio has major natural gas storage capacity, in depleted oil or natural gas reservoirs, that is used to meet peak demand during the winter. Total supply and consumption have slightly declined in recent years, although the construction of a natural gas pipeline from Colorado could reverse that trend in the near future. The eastern leg of the Rockies Express Pipeline is expected to be completed by late 2009 and to terminate in Monroe County, Ohio, near the border with West Virginia. Recent

assessments also indicate that there may be significant potential for future coalbed methane production in the State. Ohio natural gas consumption is high, led by the residential and industrial sectors. Nearly seven-tenths of Ohio households use natural gas as their primary source of energy for home heating.

Coal, Electricity, and Renewables

Although Ohio is a moderate producer of coal, it is a substantial consumer - Ohio ranks fourth in the United States in coal consumption. Ohio's coal mines, concentrated in the Appalachian basin in the eastern part of the State, typically supply less than one-third of State coal consumption. The remaining coal is brought in primarily by railcar and river barge from West Virginia, Wyoming, Kentucky, and Pennsylvania. Although large amounts of coal are used by industry, its primary use is for electricity generation and coal fuels close to nine-tenths of Ohio's total generation. Two nuclear plants located along Lake Erie supply most of the remainder of the State's generation.

Although it is one of the Nation's top generators of electricity, Ohio is also among the major importers of electricity. Ohio's total electricity consumption is high due primarily to the State's energy-intensive industrial sector, which accounts for more than one-third of the State's electricity consumption. The residential sector consumes around one-fourth of the State's electricity, with nearly one-fifth of Ohio households relying on electricity as their primary source of energy for home heating. In August 2003, a transmission failure in northeastern Ohio led to the largest blackout in North American history, affecting an estimated 50 million people in the northeastern United States and Canada. Over half a million Ohio homes and businesses lost power during the incident.

Ohio established an alternative energy portfolio standard in 2008, mandating that at least 25 percent of all electricity sold in the State come from alternative energy resources by 2025. At least half of this electricity must be generated in Ohio itself. Renewable sources such as wind, solar, hydroelectric power, geothermal, and biomass must account for at least half of the standard, or 12.5 percent of electricity sold. The other half of the standard can be met through alternative energy resources like third-generation nuclear power plants, fuel cells, energy-efficiency programs, and clean coal technology that can control or prevent carbon dioxide emissions.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, October 2009

User's Guide: Profiles

Places Covered

All 88 counties.

938 incorporated municipalities. Municipalities are incorporated as either cities or villages.

112 census designated places (CDP). The U.S. Bureau of the Census defines a CDP as "a statistical entity, defined for each decennial census according to Census Bureau guidelines, comprising a densely settled concentration of population that is not within an incorporated place, but is locally identified by a name. CDPs are delineated cooperatively by state and local officials and the Census Bureau, following Census Bureau guidelines. Beginning with Census 2000 there are no size limits."

140 unincorporated communities. The communities included have both their own zip code and statistics for their ZIP Code Tabulation Area (ZCTA) available from the Census Bureau. They are referred to as "postal areas." A ZCTA is a statistical entity developed by the Census Bureau to approximate the delivery area for a US Postal Service 5-digit or 3-digit ZIP Code in the US and Puerto Rico. A ZCTA is an aggregation of census blocks that have the same predominant ZIP Code associated with the mailing addresses in the Census Bureau's Master Address File. Thus, the Postal Service's delivery areas have been adjusted to encompass whole census blocks so that the Census Bureau can tabulate census data for the ZCTAs. ZCTAs do not include all ZIP Codes used for mail delivery and therefore do not precisely depict the area within which mail deliveries associated with that ZIP Code occur. Additionally, some areas that are known by a unique name, although they are part of a larger incorporated place, are also included as "postal areas."

Important Notes

- *Profiles of Ohio* uses the term "community" to refer to all places except counties. The term "county" is used to refer to counties and county-equivalents. All places are defined as of the 2000 Census.
- In each community profile, only school districts that have schools that are physically located within the community are shown. In addition, statistics for each school district cover the entire district, regardless of the physical location of the schools within the district.
- Special care should be taken when interpreting certain statistics for communities containing large colleges or universities. College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college (as they have been since the 1950 census). One effect this may have is skewing the figures for population, income, housing, and educational attainment.
- Some information (e.g. unemployment rates) is available for both counties and individual communities. Other information is available for just counties (e.g. election results), or just individual communities (e.g. local newspapers).
- Some statistical information is available only for larger communities. In addition, the larger places are more apt to have services such as newspapers, airports, school districts, etc.
- For the most complete information on any community, you should also check the entry for the county in which the community is located. In addition, more information and services will be listed under the larger places in the county.
- For a more in-depth discussion of geographic areas, please refer to the Census Bureau's Geographic Areas Reference Manual at <http://www.census.gov/geo/www/garm.html>.

Data Sources

CENSUS 2000

The parts of the data which are from the 2000 Decennial Census are from the following sources: *U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of Population and Housing, 2000: Summary Files 1 and 3*. Summary File 3 (SF 3) consists of 813 detailed tables of Census 2000 social, economic and housing characteristics compiled from a sample of approximately 19 million housing units (about 1 in 6 households) that received the Census 2000 long-form questionnaire. Summary File 1 (SF 1) contains 286 tables focusing on age, sex, households, families, and housing units. This file presents 100-percent population and housing figures for the total population, for 63 race categories, and for many other race and Hispanic or Latino categories.

Comparing SF 3 Estimates with Corresponding Values in SF 1

As in earlier censuses, the responses from the sample of households reporting on long forms must be weighted to reflect the entire population. Specifically, each responding household represents, on average, six or seven other households who reported using short forms.

One consequence of the weighting procedures is that each estimate based on the long form responses has an associated confidence interval. These confidence intervals are wider (as a percentage of the estimate) for geographic areas with smaller populations and for characteristics that occur less frequently in the area being examined (such as the proportion of people in poverty in a middle-income neighborhood).

In order to release as much useful information as possible, statisticians must balance a number of factors. In particular, for Census 2000, the Bureau of the Census created weighting areas—geographic areas from which about two hundred or more long forms were completed—which are large enough to produce good quality estimates. If smaller weighting areas had been used, the confidence intervals around the estimates would have been significantly wider, rendering many estimates less useful due to their lower reliability.

The disadvantage of using weighting areas this large is that, for smaller geographic areas within them, the estimates of characteristics that are also reported on the short form will not match the counts reported in SF 1. Examples of these characteristics are the total number of people, the number of people reporting specific racial categories, and the number of housing units. The official values for items reported on the short form come from SF 1 and SF 2.

The differences between the long form estimates in SF 3 and values in SF 1 are particularly noticeable for the smallest places, tracts, and block groups. The long form estimates of total population and total housing units in SF 3 will, however, match the SF 1 counts for larger geographic areas such as counties and states, and will be essentially the same for medium and large cities.

SF 1 gives exact numbers even for very small groups and areas, whereas SF 3 gives estimates for small groups and areas such as tracts and small places that are less exact. The goal of SF 3 is to identify large differences among areas or large changes over time. Estimates for small areas and small population groups often do exhibit large changes from one census to the next, so having the capability to measure them is worthwhile.

2010 Estimates and 2015 Projections

Most 2000 Census data has been updated with data provided by Nielsen Claritas. Founded in 1971, Nielsen Claritas is the industry leader in applied demography and the preeminent provider of small-area demographic estimates.

households with income of \$100,000 or more: 15.0% (2010); Poverty rate: 16.2% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 93.1% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 19.3% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 7.8% (2010).

Housing: Homeownership rate: 76.7% (2010); Median home value: \$147,826 (2010); Median contract rent: \$533 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1952 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Transportation: Commute to work: 96.5% car, 3.5% public transportation, 0.0% walk, 0.0% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 25.2% less than 15 minutes, 44.1% 15 to 30 minutes, 17.5% 30 to 45 minutes, 11.9% 45 to 60 minutes, 1.4% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Clermont County

Located in southwestern Ohio; bounded on the southwest by the Ohio River and the Kentucky border, and on the northwest by the Little Miami River. Covers a land area of 451.99 square miles, a water area of 5.68 square miles, and is located in the Eastern Time Zone at 39.06° N. Lat., 84.17° W. Long. The county was founded in 1800. County seat is Batavia.

Clermont County is part of the Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN Metropolitan Statistical Area. The entire metro area includes: Dearborn County, IN; Franklin County, IN; Ohio County, IN; Boone County, KY; Bracken County, KY; Campbell County, KY; Gallatin County, KY; Grant County, KY; Kenton County, KY; Pendleton County, KY; Brown County, OH; Butler County, OH; Clermont County, OH; Hamilton County, OH; Warren County, OH

Weather Station: Chilo Meldahl L&D Elevation: 500 feet

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
High	40	44	54	65	74	82	86	86	80	68	56	44
Low	23	24	32	42	51	60	65	64	56	45	36	27
Precip	2.9	2.8	4.3	3.4	4.6	3.6	3.9	3.2	2.8	3.1	2.9	3.0
Snow	0.6	na	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	tr	1.4

High and Low temperatures in degrees Fahrenheit; Precipitation and Snow in inches

Weather Station: Milford Elevation: 520 feet

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
High	38	43	53	65	75	83	87	86	79	68	55	43
Low	20	23	30	40	50	59	63	62	53	41	33	25
Precip	3.1	2.6	3.7	4.1	5.6	4.4	4.3	4.1	3.0	3.0	3.6	3.3
Snow	na	4.5	1.3	0.3	tr	0.0	0.0	tr	0.0	0.2	0.1	2.6

High and Low temperatures in degrees Fahrenheit; Precipitation and Snow in inches

Population: 150,129 (1990); 177,977 (2000); 198,054 (2010); 205,932 (2015 projected); Race: 96.0% White, 1.5% Black, 0.9% Asian, 1.7% Other, 1.3% Hispanic of any race (2010); Density: 438.2 persons per square mile (2010); Average household size: 2.61 (2010); Median age: 36.6 (2010); Males per 100 females: 96.8 (2010).

Religion: Five largest groups: 14.6% Catholic Church, 4.2% The United Methodist Church, 3.5% Southern Baptist Convention, 3.2% Christian Churches and Churches of Christ, 0.8% Church of the Nazarene (2000).

Economy: Unemployment rate: 8.9% (August 2011); Total civilian labor force: 106,066 (August 2011); Leading industries: 20.6% retail trade; 13.6% accommodation & food services; 11.9% health care and social assistance (2009); Farms: 898 totaling 104,691 acres (2007); Companies that employ 500 or more persons: 3 (2009); Companies that employ 100 to 499 persons: 79 (2009); Companies that employ less than 100 persons: 3,544 (2009); Black-owned businesses: 69 (2007); Hispanic-owned businesses: 162 (2007); Asian-owned businesses: n/a (2007); Women-owned businesses: 4,680 (2007); Retail sales per capita: \$12,395 (2010). Single-family building permits issued: 389 (2010); Multi-family building permits issued: 135 (2010).

Income: Per capita income: \$27,251 (2010); Median household income: \$57,725 (2010); Average household income: \$71,397 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 20.2% (2010); Poverty rate: 9.6% (2009); Bankruptcy rate: 6.38% (2010).

Taxes: Total county taxes per capita: \$315 (2009); County property taxes per capita: \$187 (2009).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 87.9% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 25.1% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 8.8% (2010).

Housing: Homeownership rate: 77.2% (2010); Median home value: \$147,324 (2010); Median contract rent: \$575 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1981 (2005-2009 5-year est.)

Health: Birth rate: 144.1 per 10,000 population (2009); Death rate: 77.4 per 10,000 population (2009); Age-adjusted cancer mortality rate: 214.0 deaths per 100,000 population (2007); Number of physicians: 20.4 per 10,000 population (2008); Hospital beds: 5.9 per 10,000 population (2007); Hospital admissions: 341.6 per 10,000 population (2007).

Environment: Air Quality Index: 79.4% good, 20.6% moderate, 0.0% unhealthy for sensitive individuals, 0.0% unhealthy (percent of days in 2008)

Elections: 2008 Presidential election results: 33.0% Obama, 65.3% McCain, 0.6% Nader

National and State Parks: East Fork State Park; Stonelick Lake State Park

Additional Information Contacts

Clermont County Government (513) 732-7300
<http://www.clermontcountyohio.gov>

Clermont County Ohio Convention and Visitors Bureau . . . (513) 732-3600
<http://www.visitclermontohio.com>

Milford-Miami Twp Chamber of Commerce (513) 831-2411
<http://www.milfordmiamitownship.com>

Village of Bethel (513) 734-2243
<http://bethel-oh.gov>

Clermont County Communities

AMELIA (village). Covers a land area of 1.371 square miles and a water area of 0 square miles. Located at 39.02° N. Lat; 84.22° W. Long. Elevation is 876 feet.

Population: 2,226 (1990); 2,752 (2000); 3,777 (2010); 4,110 (2015 projected); Race: 95.5% White, 1.4% Black, 0.3% Asian, 2.8% Other, 1.4% Hispanic of any race (2010); Density: 2,754.8 persons per square mile (2010); Average household size: 2.51 (2010); Median age: 32.9 (2010); Males per 100 females: 93.5 (2010); Marriage status: 22.5% never married, 56.6% now married, 8.4% widowed, 12.5% divorced (2005-2009 5-year est.); Foreign born: 1.2% (2005-2009 5-year est.); Ancestry (includes multiple ancestries): 27.9% German, 15.6% Irish, 10.4% American, 6.2% English, 5.2% Italian (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Economy: Employment by occupation: 12.3% management, 17.6% professional, 18.6% services, 24.1% sales, 0.0% farming, 12.0% construction, 15.3% production (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Income: Per capita income: \$23,059 (2010); Median household income: \$53,553 (2010); Average household income: \$58,239 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 10.7% (2010); Poverty rate: 7.6% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 89.8% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 17.5% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 3.5% (2010).

School District(s)

West Clermont Local (PK-12)
 2009-10 Enrollment: 8,842 (513) 943-5000

Housing: Homeownership rate: 60.1% (2010); Median home value: \$132,667 (2010); Median contract rent: \$545 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1995 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Safety: Violent crime rate: 16.5 per 10,000 population; Property crime rate: 290.9 per 10,000 population (2010).

Transportation: Commute to work: 95.6% car, 0.0% public transportation, 0.0% walk, 3.6% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 18.9% less than 15 minutes, 31.1% 15 to 30 minutes, 30.9% 30 to 45 minutes, 15.2% 45 to 60 minutes, 3.9% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.)

BATAVIA (village). County seat. Covers a land area of 1.463 square miles and a water area of 0.025 square miles. Located at 39.07° N. Lat; 84.17° W. Long. Elevation is 594 feet.

History: Settled c.1797, laid out 1814, incorporated 1842.

Population: 1,700 (1990); 1,617 (2000); 1,863 (2010); 1,978 (2015 projected); Race: 94.7% White, 3.3% Black, 0.4% Asian, 1.6% Other, 0.5% Hispanic of any race (2010); Density: 1,273.5 persons per square mile (2010); Average household size: 2.64 (2010); Median age: 34.8 (2010); Males per 100 females: 97.4 (2010); Marriage status: 26.8% never married, 56.3% now married, 4.0% widowed, 12.9% divorced (2005-2009 5-year est.); Foreign born: 0.4% (2005-2009 5-year est.); Ancestry (includes

multiple ancestries): 38.8% German, 16.6% Irish, 10.5% English, 10.4% American, 3.1% Scottish (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Economy: Employment by occupation: 9.8% management, 22.3% professional, 13.1% services, 32.3% sales, 1.9% farming, 10.8% construction, 9.8% production (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Income: Per capita income: \$22,183 (2010); Median household income: \$50,316 (2010); Average household income: \$59,117 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 15.1% (2010); Poverty rate: 12.3% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 92.2% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 19.6% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 7.9% (2010).

School District(s)

- Batavia Local (PK-12)
2009-10 Enrollment: 2,005 (513) 732-2343
- Clermont Northeastern Local (PK-12)
2009-10 Enrollment: 1,661 (513) 625-5478
- West Clermont Local (PK-12)
2009-10 Enrollment: 8,842 (513) 943-5000

Four-year College(s)

- University of Cincinnati-Clermont College (Public)
Fall 2009 Enrollment: 3,713. (513) 732-5200
2010-11 Tuition: In-state \$4,863; Out-of-state \$11,715

Housing: Homeownership rate: 67.7% (2010); Median home value: \$135,847 (2010); Median contract rent: \$520 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1956 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Hospitals: Mercy Hospital Clermont (114 beds)

Safety: Violent crime rate: 0.0 per 10,000 population; Property crime rate: 477.0 per 10,000 population (2010).

Newspapers: Clermont Sun (Local news; Circulation 3,300)

Transportation: Commute to work: 92.1% car, 0.5% public transportation, 5.1% walk, 2.3% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 35.3% less than 15 minutes, 32.5% 15 to 30 minutes, 19.1% 30 to 45 minutes, 7.8% 45 to 60 minutes, 5.2% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Airports: Clermont County (general aviation)

Additional Information Contacts

Clermont County Ohio Convention and Visitors Bureau . . . (513) 732-3600
<http://www.visitclermonthio.com>

BETHEL (village). Covers a land area of 1.339 square miles and a water area of 0 square miles. Located at 38.96° N. Lat; 84.08° W. Long. Elevation is 883 feet.

History: Settled 1797.

Population: 2,500 (1990); 2,637 (2000); 2,915 (2010); 3,045 (2015 projected); Race: 98.1% White, 0.3% Black, 0.2% Asian, 1.3% Other, 1.3% Hispanic of any race (2010); Density: 2,176.8 persons per square mile (2010); Average household size: 2.59 (2010); Median age: 34.1 (2010); Males per 100 females: 92.8 (2010); Marriage status: 24.8% never married, 44.7% now married, 13.2% widowed, 17.3% divorced (2005-2009 5-year est.); Foreign born: 0.0% (2005-2009 5-year est.); Ancestry (includes multiple ancestries): 36.1% German, 20.0% American, 13.5% Irish, 6.4% English, 5.4% Dutch (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Economy: Employment by occupation: 7.5% management, 13.1% professional, 16.4% services, 31.0% sales, 0.0% farming, 11.8% construction, 20.2% production (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Income: Per capita income: \$16,495 (2010); Median household income: \$36,525 (2010); Average household income: \$42,283 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 5.5% (2010); Poverty rate: 20.1% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 80.4% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 14.4% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 4.5% (2010).

School District(s)

- Bethel-Tate Local (PK-12)
2009-10 Enrollment: 1,840 (513) 734-2271
- U S Grant (11-12)
2009-10 Enrollment: n/a (513) 734-6222

Vocational/Technical School(s)

- US Grant Joint Vocational School (Public)
Fall 2009 Enrollment: 24 (513) 734-6222
2010-11 Tuition: In-state \$5,550; Out-of-state \$5,550

Housing: Homeownership rate: 62.6% (2010); Median home value: \$109,386 (2010); Median contract rent: \$437 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1955 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Safety: Violent crime rate: 11.3 per 10,000 population; Property crime rate: 623.1 per 10,000 population (2010).

Transportation: Commute to work: 90.8% car, 1.9% public transportation, 5.0% walk, 2.3% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 17.5% less than 15 minutes, 27.4% 15 to 30 minutes, 21.3% 30 to 45 minutes, 18.1% 45 to 60 minutes, 15.7% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Additional Information Contacts

Village of Bethel (513) 734-2243
<http://bethel-oh.gov>

CHILO (village). Covers a land area of 0.199 square miles and a water area of 0.039 square miles. Located at 38.79° N. Lat; 84.13° W. Long. Elevation is 499 feet.

History: Chilo was a boat-building center and river port before the 1937 floods destroyed most of the town.

Population: 130 (1990); 97 (2000); 135 (2010); 146 (2015 projected); Race: 98.5% White, 0.0% Black, 0.0% Asian, 1.5% Other, 0.0% Hispanic of any race (2010); Density: 678.2 persons per square mile (2010); Average household size: 2.81 (2010); Median age: 40.4 (2010); Males per 100 females: 101.5 (2010); Marriage status: 19.0% never married, 64.6% now married, 0.0% widowed, 16.5% divorced (2005-2009 5-year est.); Foreign born: 0.0% (2005-2009 5-year est.); Ancestry (includes multiple ancestries): 20.7% German, 19.5% American, 11.0% English, 9.8% Irish, 4.9% Dutch (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Economy: Employment by occupation: 0.0% management, 0.0% professional, 21.9% services, 68.8% sales, 0.0% farming, 9.4% construction, 0.0% production (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Income: Per capita income: \$19,309 (2010); Median household income: \$48,636 (2010); Average household income: \$54,063 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 10.4% (2010); Poverty rate: 0.0% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 82.4% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 11.0% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 6.6% (2010).

Housing: Homeownership rate: 79.2% (2010); Median home value: \$109,091 (2010); Median contract rent: \$614 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1944 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Transportation: Commute to work: 100.0% car, 0.0% public transportation, 0.0% walk, 0.0% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 0.0% less than 15 minutes, 40.6% 15 to 30 minutes, 40.6% 30 to 45 minutes, 0.0% 45 to 60 minutes, 18.8% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.).

DAY HEIGHTS (CDP). Covers a land area of 1.203 square miles and a water area of 0 square miles. Located at 39.17° N. Lat; 84.23° W. Long. Elevation is 863 feet.

Population: 2,812 (1990); 2,823 (2000); 2,760 (2010); 2,741 (2015 projected); Race: 96.1% White, 1.5% Black, 0.4% Asian, 2.0% Other, 0.7% Hispanic of any race (2010); Density: 2,294.6 persons per square mile (2010); Average household size: 2.65 (2010); Median age: 40.9 (2010); Males per 100 females: 96.4 (2010); Marriage status: 23.2% never married, 54.3% now married, 5.6% widowed, 16.9% divorced (2005-2009 5-year est.); Foreign born: 0.9% (2005-2009 5-year est.); Ancestry (includes multiple ancestries): 27.6% English, 26.8% Irish, 24.4% German, 8.8% Italian, 3.9% Scottish (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Economy: Employment by occupation: 15.2% management, 18.7% professional, 7.6% services, 31.7% sales, 0.0% farming, 15.1% construction, 11.8% production (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Income: Per capita income: \$29,370 (2010); Median household income: \$67,229 (2010); Average household income: \$77,891 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 21.1% (2010); Poverty rate: 25.1% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 91.6% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 27.1% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 8.5% (2010).

Housing: Homeownership rate: 94.1% (2010); Median home value: \$150,233 (2010); Median contract rent: \$786 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1971 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Transportation: Commute to work: 94.4% car, 2.0% public transportation, 0.0% walk, 3.6% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 27.1% less than 15 minutes, 37.3% 15 to 30 minutes, 23.6% 30 to 45 minutes, 8.6% 45 to 60 minutes, 3.4% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.).

FELICITY (village). Covers a land area of 0.267 square miles and a water area of 0 square miles. Located at 38.83° N. Lat; 84.09° W. Long. Elevation is 919 feet.

Population: 775 (1990); 922 (2000); 941 (2010); 945 (2015 projected); **Race:** 96.9% White, 1.4% Black, 0.1% Asian, 1.6% Other, 0.5% Hispanic of any race (2010); **Density:** 3,521.9 persons per square mile (2010); **Average household size:** 2.61 (2010); **Median age:** 32.8 (2010); **Males per 100 females:** 97.3 (2010); **Marriage status:** 24.7% never married, 43.9% now married, 13.0% widowed, 18.4% divorced (2005-2009 5-year est.); **Foreign born:** 0.0% (2005-2009 5-year est.); **Ancestry** (includes multiple ancestries): 30.4% German, 17.6% Irish, 15.5% English, 5.9% Italian, 5.4% American (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Economy: Employment by occupation: 5.1% management, 6.8% professional, 15.7% services, 42.8% sales, 0.0% farming, 8.9% construction, 20.8% production (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Income: Per capita income: \$14,694 (2010); Median household income: \$27,045 (2010); Average household income: \$38,771 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 5.6% (2010); Poverty rate: 29.5% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 68.0% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 7.0% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 3.2% (2010).

School District(s)

Felicity-Franklin Local (PK-12)
2009-10 Enrollment: 1,046 (513) 876-2113

Housing: Homeownership rate: 58.1% (2010); Median home value: \$75,000 (2010); Median contract rent: \$459 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1948 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Transportation: Commute to work: 74.6% car, 0.0% public transportation, 11.2% walk, 14.1% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 23.3% less than 15 minutes, 24.4% 15 to 30 minutes, 19.9% 30 to 45 minutes, 21.6% 45 to 60 minutes, 10.8% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.)

GOSHEN (unincorporated postal area, zip code 45122). Covers a land area of 45.909 square miles and a water area of 0.221 square miles. Located at 39.22° N. Lat; 84.11° W. Long. Elevation is 820 feet.

Population: 11,406 (2000); **Race:** 98.3% White, 0.4% Black, 0.2% Asian, 1.1% Other, 0.7% Hispanic of any race (2000); **Density:** 248.4 persons per square mile (2000); **Age:** 27.6% under 18, 8.6% over 64 (2000); **Marriage status:** 19.3% never married, 65.2% now married, 5.3% widowed, 10.2% divorced (2000); **Foreign born:** 0.2% (2000); **Ancestry** (includes multiple ancestries): 24.6% German, 20.8% American, 12.4% Irish, 8.2% English (2000).

Economy: Employment by occupation: 6.6% management, 9.2% professional, 15.4% services, 26.2% sales, 0.1% farming, 17.2% construction, 25.3% production (2000).

Income: Per capita income: \$18,963 (2000); Median household income: \$45,513 (2000); Poverty rate: 7.3% (2000).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 73.7% (2000); Bachelor's degree or higher: 6.6% (2000).

School District(s)

Goshen Local (PK-12)
2009-10 Enrollment: 2,518 (513) 722-2222

Housing: Homeownership rate: 85.4% (2000); Median home value: \$98,700 (2000); Median contract rent: \$502 per month (2000); Median year structure built: 1975 (2000).

Transportation: Commute to work: 95.8% car, 0.5% public transportation, 1.5% walk, 1.3% work from home (2000); Travel time to work: 12.0% less than 15 minutes, 30.3% 15 to 30 minutes, 37.3% 30 to 45 minutes, 15.0% 45 to 60 minutes, 5.4% 60 minutes or more (2000)

MILFORD (city). Covers a land area of 3.758 square miles and a water area of 0.067 square miles. Located at 39.17° N. Lat; 84.28° W. Long. Elevation is 548 feet.

History: Milford was settled in an area of glacial moraines, on the Little Miami River. A prehistoric civilization left mounds in this region.

Population: 5,773 (1990); 6,284 (2000); 6,425 (2010); 6,397 (2015 projected); **Race:** 94.8% White, 3.6% Black, 0.4% Asian, 1.2% Other, 1.0% Hispanic of any race (2010); **Density:** 1,709.6 persons per square mile (2010); **Average household size:** 2.07 (2010); **Median age:** 41.3 (2010); **Males per 100 females:** 86.2 (2010); **Marriage status:** 18.1% never married, 53.6% now married, 13.4% widowed, 14.9% divorced (2005-2009 5-year

est.); **Foreign born:** 1.8% (2005-2009 5-year est.); **Ancestry** (includes multiple ancestries): 37.5% German, 22.3% Irish, 13.9% English, 11.0% American, 6.1% Italian (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Economy: Single-family building permits issued: 0 (2010); Multi-family building permits issued: 0 (2010); **Employment by occupation:** 15.4% management, 23.1% professional, 14.4% services, 29.0% sales, 0.0% farming, 6.2% construction, 11.9% production (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Income: Per capita income: \$26,506 (2010); Median household income: \$39,531 (2010); Average household income: \$55,465 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 13.8% (2010); Poverty rate: 14.6% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 85.3% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 29.3% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 10.7% (2010).

School District(s)

Great Oaks Inst of Technology (05-12)
2009-10 Enrollment: n/a (513) 771-8840
Milford Exempted Village (PK-12)

2009-10 Enrollment: 6,316 (513) 831-1314
Housing: Homeownership rate: 54.6% (2010); Median home value: \$140,589 (2010); Median contract rent: \$578 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: 1961 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Safety: Violent crime rate: 28.5 per 10,000 population; Property crime rate: 588.2 per 10,000 population (2010).

Transportation: Commute to work: 87.3% car, 3.7% public transportation, 1.3% walk, 7.7% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 26.3% less than 15 minutes, 35.1% 15 to 30 minutes, 24.4% 30 to 45 minutes, 8.4% 45 to 60 minutes, 5.8% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.)

Additional Information Contacts

Milford-Miami Twp Chamber of Commerce (513) 831-2411
<http://www.milfordmiamitownship.com>

MOSCOW (village). Covers a land area of 0.402 square miles and a water area of 0.009 square miles. Located at 38.85° N. Lat; 84.22° W. Long. Elevation is 499 feet.

History: Moscow was one of the first stations on the Underground Railroad. During the Reconstruction Period, Moscow was a busy shipping point, and a producer of large quantities of brandy.

Population: 269 (1990); 244 (2000); 309 (2010); 332 (2015 projected); **Race:** 97.7% White, 0.6% Black, 0.0% Asian, 1.6% Other, 0.6% Hispanic of any race (2010); **Density:** 767.9 persons per square mile (2010); **Average household size:** 2.81 (2010); **Median age:** 35.8 (2010); **Males per 100 females:** 100.6 (2010); **Marriage status:** 33.5% never married, 42.0% now married, 11.3% widowed, 13.2% divorced (2005-2009 5-year est.); **Foreign born:** 0.0% (2005-2009 5-year est.); **Ancestry** (includes multiple ancestries): 31.7% German, 17.1% American, 16.7% English, 12.1% Irish, 5.4% French (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Economy: Employment by occupation: 7.3% management, 7.3% professional, 11.5% services, 35.4% sales, 0.0% farming, 33.3% construction, 5.2% production (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Income: Per capita income: \$21,473 (2010); Median household income: \$46,053 (2010); Average household income: \$63,818 (2010); Percent of households with income of \$100,000 or more: 13.6% (2010); Poverty rate: 6.7% (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Education: Percent of population age 25 and over with: High school diploma (including GED) or higher: 76.4% (2010); Bachelor's degree or higher: 7.0% (2010); Master's degree or higher: 2.5% (2010).

Housing: Homeownership rate: 81.8% (2010); Median home value: \$104,545 (2010); Median contract rent: \$472 per month (2005-2009 5-year est.); Median year structure built: before 1940 (2005-2009 5-year est.).

Transportation: Commute to work: 92.7% car, 0.0% public transportation, 3.1% walk, 4.2% work from home (2005-2009 5-year est.); Travel time to work: 15.2% less than 15 minutes, 17.4% 15 to 30 minutes, 21.7% 30 to 45 minutes, 21.7% 45 to 60 minutes, 23.9% 60 minutes or more (2005-2009 5-year est.)

MOUNT CARMEL (CDP). Covers a land area of 1.683 square miles and a water area of 0 square miles. Located at 39.09° N. Lat; 84.29° W. Long. Elevation is 886 feet.

Population: 4,462 (1990); 4,308 (2000); 4,151 (2010); 4,092 (2015 projected); **Race:** 95.9% White, 1.1% Black, 0.3% Asian, 2.7% Other, 1.6% Hispanic of any race (2010); **Density:** 2,466.1 persons per square mile (2010); **Average household size:** 2.45 (2010); **Median age:** 36.1 (2010); **Males per 100 females:** 98.3 (2010); **Marriage status:** 27.2% never married,

Ohio Public School Educational Profile

Category	Value	Category	Value
Schools (2009-2010)	3,810	Diploma Recipients (2008-2009)	122,203
Instructional Level		White, Non-Hispanic	100,117
Primary	2,024	Black, Non-Hispanic	15,630
Middle	735	Asian/Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	1,835
High	864	American Indian/Alaskan Native, Non-Hisp.	188
Other/Not Reported	187	Hispanic	2,113
Curriculum		Staff (2009-2010)	
Regular	3,667	Teachers (FTE)	111,379.7
Special Education	64	Salary ¹ (\$)	57,291
Vocational	73	Librarians/Media Specialists (FTE)	1,286.6
Alternative	6	Guidance Counselors (FTE)	3,698.8
Type		Ratios (2009-2010)	
Magnet	0	Number of Students per Teacher	15.8 to 1
Charter	331	Number of Students per Librarian	1,371.3 to 1
Title I Eligible	2,863	Number of Students per Guidance Counselor	477.0 to 1
School-wide Title I	1,975	Finances (2007-2008)	
Students (2009-2010)	1,764,297	Current Expenditures (\$ per student)	
Gender (%)		Total	10,340
Male	51.4	Instruction	5,911
Female	48.6	Support Services	4,084
Race/Ethnicity (%)		Other	345
White, Non-Hispanic	74.9	General Revenue (\$ per student)	
Black, Non-Hispanic	16.3	Total	12,476
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.7	From Federal Sources	908
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0.1	From State Sources	5,688
Hispanic	2.9	From Local Sources	5,881
Special Programs (%)		Long-Term Debt (\$ per student)	
Individual Education Program (IEP)	14.9	At beginning of fiscal year	5,559
English Language Learner (ELL)	2.1	At end of fiscal year	5,572
Eligible for Free Lunch Program	34.0	College Entrance Exam Scores	
Eligible for Reduced-Price Lunch Program	6.3	SAT Reasoning Test™ (2011)	
Average Freshman Grad. Rate (%) (2008-2009)	79.6	Participation Rate (%)	21
White, Non-Hispanic	84.9	Mean Critical Reading Score	539
Black, Non-Hispanic	56.8	Mean Math Score	545
Asian/Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	98.7	Mean Writing Score	522
American Indian/Alaskan Native, Non-Hisp.	83.9	ACT (2011)	
Hispanic	66.0	Participation Rate (%)	69
High School Drop-out Rate (%) (2008-2009)	4.2	Mean Composite Score	21.8
White, Non-Hispanic	2.8	Mean English Score	21.1
Black, Non-Hispanic	9.9	Mean Math Score	21.5
Asian/Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	1.7	Mean Reading Score	22.1
American Indian/Alaskan Native, Non-Hisp.	7.6	Mean Science Score	21.8
Hispanic	7.8		

Note: For an explanation of data, please refer to the User's Guide in the front of the book; (1) Average salary for classroom teachers in 2010-11

Iranian

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Columbus (city) Franklin County	725	0.10
Cincinnati (city) Hamilton County	159	0.05
Akron (city) Summit County	121	0.06
Mayfield Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	117	0.60
Upper Arlington (city) Franklin County	105	0.31
Cleveland Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	87	0.17
Dublin (city) Franklin County	82	0.26
Strongsville (city) Cuyahoga County	64	0.15
Westlake (city) Cuyahoga County	56	0.18
Pepper Pike (city) Cuyahoga County	54	0.89

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Hunting Valley (village) Cuyahoga County	20	2.71
Waite Hill (village) Lake County	7	1.55
Riverlea (village) Franklin County	5	1.00
Montrose-Ghent (cdp) Summit County	47	0.94
Moreland Hills (village) Cuyahoga County	30	0.91
Pepper Pike (city) Cuyahoga County	54	0.89
Seven Mile (village) Butler County	6	0.85
Wetherington (cdp) Butler County	8	0.78
South Russell (village) Geauga County	28	0.70
Mulberry (cdp) Clermont County	20	0.64

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on places with populations of 10,000 or more

Place	Number	%
Mayfield Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	117	0.60
Bexley (city) Franklin County	51	0.39
Upper Arlington (city) Franklin County	105	0.31
Beachwood (city) Cuyahoga County	37	0.30
Marietta (city) Washington County	42	0.29
Cambridge (city) Guernsey County	31	0.27
Forestville (cdp) Hamilton County	30	0.27
Dublin (city) Franklin County	82	0.26
Springboro (city) Warren County	26	0.21
Westlake (city) Cuyahoga County	56	0.18

Irish

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Columbus (city) Franklin County	83,226	11.69
Cleveland (city) Cuyahoga County	38,986	8.15
Cincinnati (city) Hamilton County	34,226	10.35
Toledo (city) Lucas County	33,738	10.76
Akron (city) Summit County	24,889	11.46
Dayton (city) Montgomery County	13,825	8.32
Lakewood (city) Cuyahoga County	13,379	23.62
Parma (city) Cuyahoga County	12,466	14.55
Mentor (city) Lake County	9,804	19.50
Canton (city) Stark County	9,213	11.36

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
West Millgrove (village) Wood County	40	38.83
Neffs (cdp) Belmont County	356	31.09
Eaton Estates (cdp) Lorain County	385	28.95
Lakeline (village) Lake County	47	28.31
Brice (village) Franklin County	18	27.69
Rocky River (city) Cuyahoga County	5,580	26.91
Bay Village (city) Cuyahoga County	4,310	26.79
Fairview Park (city) Cuyahoga County	4,694	26.71
New Alexandria (village) Jefferson County	45	26.32

Fairview (village) Guernsey County	23	26.14
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Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on places with populations of 10,000 or more

Place	Number	%
Rocky River (city) Cuyahoga County	5,580	26.91
Bay Village (city) Cuyahoga County	4,310	26.79
Fairview Park (city) Cuyahoga County	4,694	26.71
Lakewood (city) Cuyahoga County	13,379	23.62
Westlake (city) Cuyahoga County	7,433	23.33
North Olmsted (city) Cuyahoga County	7,761	22.75
Avon Lake (city) Lorain County	4,116	22.68
Forestville (cdp) Hamilton County	2,455	22.20
Girard (city) Trumbull County	2,273	20.39
Eastlake (city) Lake County	4,104	20.35

Israeli

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Columbus (city) Franklin County	226	0.03
Beachwood (city) Cuyahoga County	178	1.46
South Euclid (city) Cuyahoga County	119	0.51
Pepper Pike (city) Cuyahoga County	98	1.62
Cincinnati (city) Hamilton County	91	0.03
Toledo (city) Lucas County	69	0.02
Cleveland Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	49	0.10
Orange (village) Cuyahoga County	40	1.24
Woodbourne-Hyde Park (cdp) Montgomery County	35	0.43
Bexley (city) Franklin County	33	0.25

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Pepper Pike (city) Cuyahoga County	98	1.62
Beachwood (city) Cuyahoga County	178	1.46
Orange (village) Cuyahoga County	40	1.24
Peninsula (village) Summit County	3	0.58
South Euclid (city) Cuyahoga County	119	0.51
Woodbourne-Hyde Park (cdp) Montgomery County	35	0.43
Eldorado (village) Preble County	2	0.39
Mayfield (village) Cuyahoga County	12	0.34
Bexley (city) Franklin County	33	0.25
Clayton (city) Montgomery County	32	0.24

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on places with populations of 10,000 or more

Place	Number	%
Beachwood (city) Cuyahoga County	178	1.46
South Euclid (city) Cuyahoga County	119	0.51
Bexley (city) Franklin County	33	0.25
Clayton (city) Montgomery County	32	0.24
Montgomery (city) Hamilton County	24	0.24
University Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	33	0.23
Blue Ash (city) Hamilton County	23	0.18
Mayfield Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	23	0.12
Cleveland Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	49	0.10
Brecksville (city) Cuyahoga County	12	0.09

Italian

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Columbus (city) Franklin County	35,236	4.95
Cleveland (city) Cuyahoga County	22,053	4.61
Akron (city) Summit County	14,705	6.77
Parma (city) Cuyahoga County	11,603	13.55
Cincinnati (city) Hamilton County	10,877	3.29
Boardman (cdp) Mahoning County	9,888	26.53
Toledo (city) Lucas County	9,383	2.99

Youngstown (city) Mahoning County	9,210	11.23
Mentor (city) Lake County	8,167	16.24
Canton (city) Stark County	6,940	8.56

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Lowellville (village) Mahoning County	615	48.01
Highland Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	2,528	31.28
Girard (city) Trumbull County	3,285	29.46
Struthers (city) Mahoning County	3,332	28.34
Poland (village) Mahoning County	767	26.76
Boardman (cdp) Mahoning County	9,888	26.53
Mayfield Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	5,061	26.11
Yorkville (village) Jefferson County	318	25.42
Mayfield (village) Cuyahoga County	873	25.09
Wintersville (village) Jefferson County	966	24.02

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on places with populations of 10,000 or more

Place	Number	%
Girard (city) Trumbull County	3,285	29.46
Struthers (city) Mahoning County	3,332	28.34
Boardman (cdp) Mahoning County	9,888	26.53
Mayfield Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	5,061	26.11
Niles (city) Trumbull County	5,011	23.94
Lyndhurst (city) Cuyahoga County	3,646	23.86
Wickliffe (city) Lake County	2,741	20.33
Willowick (city) Lake County	2,780	19.30
Austintown (cdp) Mahoning County	6,098	19.27
Steubenville (city) Jefferson County	3,613	18.92

Latvian

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Columbus (city) Franklin County	290	0.04
Cleveland (city) Cuyahoga County	213	0.04
Lakewood (city) Cuyahoga County	141	0.25
Parma (city) Cuyahoga County	131	0.15
Cincinnati (city) Hamilton County	102	0.03
Brook Park (city) Cuyahoga County	65	0.31
Toledo (city) Lucas County	65	0.02
Strongsville (city) Cuyahoga County	60	0.14
Cuyahoga Falls (city) Summit County	53	0.11
Cleveland Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	52	0.10

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on all places, regardless of population

Place	Number	%
Wetherington (cdp) Butler County	33	3.24
Mifflin (village) Ashland County	2	1.52
Bentleyville (village) Cuyahoga County	8	0.84
Hiram (village) Portage County	9	0.74
Evendale (village) Hamilton County	19	0.61
McDonald (village) Trumbull County	20	0.58
South Russell (village) Geauga County	21	0.52
Bratenahl (village) Cuyahoga County	7	0.52
Cuyahoga Heights (village) Cuyahoga County	3	0.50
Highland Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	38	0.47

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Based on places with populations of 10,000 or more

Place	Number	%
Broadview Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	51	0.32
Brook Park (city) Cuyahoga County	65	0.31
Lakewood (city) Cuyahoga County	141	0.25
Beachwood (city) Cuyahoga County	31	0.25
Mayfield Heights (city) Cuyahoga County	38	0.20
Norton (city) Summit County	23	0.20
North Royalton (city) Cuyahoga County	50	0.17

Notes: (cdp) census designated place; Refer to the User's Guide in the front of the book for more detailed information.

Puerto Ricans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Number
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	699
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	349
Lorain, OH (city) Lorain County	198
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	107
Boardman, OH (cdp) Mahoning County	82
Youngstown, OH (city) Mahoning County	71
Lakewood, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	62
Toledo, OH (city) Lucas County	51
Parma, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	32
Akron, OH (city) Summit County	29

Puerto Ricans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Place	Percent
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	39.34
Boardman, OH (cdp) Mahoning County	25.39
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	24.24
Lakewood, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	22.79
Toledo, OH (city) Lucas County	13.32
Akron, OH (city) Summit County	10.82
Parma, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	10.60
Elyria, OH (city) Lorain County	8.45
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	5.92
Youngstown, OH (city) Mahoning County	4.90

Salvadorans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Number
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	18
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	5

Salvadorans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Place	Percent
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	8.91
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	2.43

South Americans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Number
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	296
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	219
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	98

South Americans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Place	Percent
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	68.44
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	46.98
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	26.13

Spaniards 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Number
No places met population threshold.	

Spaniards 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Place	Percent
No places met population threshold.	

Uruguayans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Number
No places met population threshold.	

Uruguayans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Place	Percent
No places met population threshold.	

Venezuelans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Number
No places met population threshold.	

Venezuelans 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Place	Percent
No places met population threshold.	

Other Hispanics 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Number
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	194
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	145
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	118
Toledo, OH (city) Lucas County	104
Akron, OH (city) Summit County	44
Lorain, OH (city) Lorain County	37
Dayton, OH (city) Montgomery County	36
Youngstown, OH (city) Mahoning County	15
Defiance, OH (city) Defiance County	11
Fremont, OH (city) Sandusky County	9

Other Hispanics 25 Years and Over Who are Four-Year College Graduates

Top 10 Places Sorted by Percent

Place	Percent
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	25.82
Akron, OH (city) Summit County	15.33
Dayton, OH (city) Montgomery County	14.06
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	12.95
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	10.02
Toledo, OH (city) Lucas County	8.63
Lorain, OH (city) Lorain County	7.76
Youngstown, OH (city) Mahoning County	6.98
Defiance, OH (city) Defiance County	4.40
Fremont, OH (city) Sandusky County	3.80

Median Household Income

Total Population

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Upper Arlington, OH (city) Franklin County	72,116
Westerville, OH (city) Franklin County	69,135
Beavercreek, OH (city) Greene County	68,801
Strongsville, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	68,660
Westlake, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	64,963

Perrysburg, OH (city) Wood County	62,237
Brunswick, OH (city) Medina County	56,288
North Olmsted, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	52,542
Reynoldsburg, OH (city) Franklin County	51,108
Fairfield, OH (city) Butler County	50,316

Hispanic

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Strongsville, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	77,700
Upper Arlington, OH (city) Franklin County	73,977
Beavercreek, OH (city) Greene County	70,208
Brunswick, OH (city) Medina County	65,208
Westerville, OH (city) Franklin County	56,125
Riverside, OH (city) Montgomery County	55,431
Perrysburg, OH (city) Wood County	52,865
Fairfield, OH (city) Butler County	50,156
Reynoldsburg, OH (city) Franklin County	49,444
Huber Heights, OH (city) Montgomery County	48,897

Argentinian

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Bolivian

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Central American

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	32,384
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	29,817
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	24,318

Chilean

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Colombian

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Costa Rican

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Cuban

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	46,146
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	38,167

Dominican

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	23,750

Ecuadorian

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Notes: Please refer to the User's Guide for an explanation of data; tables include places with populations > 9,999 and reflect only those areas that meet Summary File 4 population thresholds, therefore there may be less than 10 places listed

Specified Housing Units Rented by Vietnamese
Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars/Month
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	534
Akron, OH (city) Summit County	453
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	400

Median Home Value

All Specified Owner-Occupied Housing Units
Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Beachwood, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	244,700
Dublin, OH (city) Franklin County	243,200
Hudson, OH (city) Summit County	236,700
Highland Heights, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	217,500
Solon, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	217,000
Upper Arlington, OH (city) Franklin County	214,700
Shaker Heights, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	201,600
Westlake, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	201,000
Kenwood, OH (cdp) Hamilton County	184,800
Beckett Ridge, OH (cdp) Butler County	184,100

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Asians

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Solon, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	250,900
Westlake, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	248,200
Beachwood, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	246,400
Highland Heights, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	242,200
Gahanna, OH (city) Franklin County	232,500
Upper Arlington, OH (city) Franklin County	230,000
Dublin, OH (city) Franklin County	229,500
Hudson, OH (city) Summit County	228,400
Blue Ash, OH (city) Hamilton County	224,200
Strongsville, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	218,500

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islanders

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Asian Indians

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Westlake, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	297,700
Dublin, OH (city) Franklin County	256,400
Solon, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	240,200
Strongsville, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	215,400
North Royalton, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	210,500
Blue Ash, OH (city) Hamilton County	204,200
Beavercreek, OH (city) Greene County	198,300
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	187,500
Sharonville, OH (city) Hamilton County	181,000
Fairfield, OH (city) Butler County	172,300

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Bangladeshis

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Cambodians

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	88,000

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Chinese (except Taiwanese)

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Upper Arlington, OH (city) Franklin County	258,300
Dublin, OH (city) Franklin County	244,600
Solon, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	228,600
Hudson, OH (city) Summit County	215,000
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	171,400
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	148,700
Cleveland Heights, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	101,800
Toledo, OH (city) Lucas County	98,800
Akron, OH (city) Summit County	85,500
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	82,500

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Fijians

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Filipinos

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	141,100
Cincinnati, OH (city) Hamilton County	131,600
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	84,500
Toledo, OH (city) Lucas County	83,200

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Guamanians or Chamorros

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Hawaiian Natives

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Hmong

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Indonesians

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	0

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Japanese

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Dublin, OH (city) Franklin County	147,200

Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	134,700
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Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Koreans

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	122,700

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Laotians

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	83,600
Akron, OH (city) Summit County	76,200

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Malaysians

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Pakistanis

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Samoans

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Sri Lankans

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Taiwanese

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	245,000

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Thais

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	119,100

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Tongans

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
No places met population threshold.	

Specified Housing Units Owned and Occupied by Vietnamese

Top 10 Places Sorted by Number

Place	Dollars
Columbus, OH (city) Franklin County	97,100
Cleveland, OH (city) Cuyahoga County	77,300
Akron, OH (city) Summit County	60,200

Notes: Please refer to the User's Guide for an explanation of data; tables reflect only those areas that meet Summary File 4 population thresholds, therefore there may be less than 10 places listed

Annual Extreme Minimum Temperature					
Highest			Lowest		
Rank	Station Name	°F	Rank	Station Name	°F
1	Painesville 4 NW	-19	1	Danville 2 W	-35
2	Bowling Green WWTP	-20	1	Millersburg	-35
2	Cleveland Hopkins Intl Arpt	-20	3	Millport 2 NW	-34
2	Findlay Wpcc	-20	4	Cambridge	-32
2	Toledo Express Arpt	-20	5	Fredericktown 4 S	-30
6	Dayton Mcd	-21	6	Centerburg 2 SE	-29
6	Lima WWTP	-21	6	Chillicothe Mound City	-29
6	Pandora	-21	6	Portsmouth Sciotoville	-29
9	Chilo Meldahl L&D	-22	9	Columbus Valley Crossing	-28
9	Circleville	-22	9	Dorset	-28
9	Columbus-Port Columbus Intl	-22	11	Bellefontaine	-27
9	Defiance	-22	11	Westerville	-27
9	Elyria 3 E	-22	13	Bucyrus	-26
9	Mansfield Lahm Municipal Arpt	-22	13	Chippewa Lake	-26
9	Steubenville	-22	13	Springfield New Water Works	-26
9	Youngstown Municipal Arpt	-22	13	Urbana WWTP	-26
17	Chardon	-23	13	Warren 3 S	-26
17	Fairfield	-23	18	Akron Akron-Canton Reg Arpt	-25
17	Marietta Wwtp	-23	18	Carpenter 2 S	-25
17	Marion 2 N	-23	18	Dayton Intl Arpt	-25
17	Marysville	-23	18	Hiram	-25
17	Milford	-23	18	Mansfield 5 W	-25
17	Oberlin	-23	18	Wilmington 3 N	-25
17	Upper Sandusky	-23	24	Cadiz	-24
25	Cadiz	-24	24	Cincinnati-Northern Kentucky	-24

July Mean Maximum Temperature					
Highest			Lowest		
Rank	Station Name	°F	Rank	Station Name	°F
1	Fairfield	87.8	1	Chardon	80.4
2	Dayton Mcd	87.5	2	Painesville 4 NW	80.9
3	Milford	87.2	3	Hiram	81.0
4	Portsmouth Sciotoville	86.6	4	Dorset	81.3
5	Chilo Meldahl L&D	86.0	5	Mansfield 5 W	81.6
6	Chillicothe Mound City	85.7	6	Mansfield Lahm Municipal Arpt	81.7
7	Cincinnati-Northern Kentucky	85.6	7	Wooster Exp Stn	81.8
8	Franklin	85.4	8	Youngstown Municipal Arpt	81.9
8	Marietta Wwtp	85.4	9	Cadiz	82.2
8	Westerville	85.4	10	Cleveland Hopkins Intl Arpt	82.3
11	Cambridge	85.2	10	Fredericktown 4 S	82.3
12	Circleville	85.0	12	Akron Akron-Canton Reg Arpt	82.4
13	Columbus Valley Crossing	84.9	13	Barnesville	82.5
14	Columbus-Port Columbus Intl	84.8	13	Chippewa Lake	82.5
15	Carpenter 2 S	84.7	15	Centerburg 2 SE	82.6
16	Elyria 3 E	84.6	16	Bellefontaine	82.9
17	Dayton Intl Arpt	84.4	17	Steubenville	83.0
17	Defiance	84.4	18	Bucyrus	83.1
19	Marysville	84.3	18	Warren 3 S	83.1
19	Toledo Express Arpt	84.3	20	Oberlin	83.2
21	Bowling Green WWTP	84.1	21	Danville 2 W	83.4
21	Urbana WWTP	84.1	21	Marion 2 N	83.4
23	Lima WWTP	84.0	23	Springfield New Water Works	83.5
23	Upper Sandusky	84.0	24	Millport 2 NW	83.6
25	Pandora	83.9	25	Hannibal Lock & Dam	83.7

Rankings include 25 highest/lowest stations. If state has less than 25 stations, all stations are included. The period of record is 1980-2009. See User Guide for detailed explanation of data.